## ENVIRONMENTAL LAW Lewis & Clark Law School

VOLUME 37	Spring 2007		NUMBER 2	
ARTICLES				
Bioregional Conservation Jamison Colburn	n May Mean Taking Habitat		249	
easement. But with t and "exurban" envir easements keeps risin faces new risks. Pr condemning conserva and develop large	at innovation in decades has been the con- he demand for homes and second homes ronments soaring, the price of landsca- ng, even as more of what is supposedly p rofessor Colburn argues that the nec- ation easements from those who would so ownerships must prevail over the osts of doing so, at least if local communi- biodiversity.	s in rural ape scale protected essity of subdivide political		
	ve: Sharing Home-Grown Hormones, luctant Europe		30	
trade relations betw focusing on existing with hormones, gene products from cloned States–European di environmental impli products of modern debate is likely to shir	es the impact of biotechnology on inte- een the United States and the Europea and potential disputes over trade in mea- etically modified organisms, and meat a d animals. The Article reviews the ongoin isagreements over the social, ethic cations of producing, using, and tra- science and considers whether the clone ft the nature of the biotechnology–food de is necessary and desirable.	n Union, at treated and dairy ng United cal, and ding the and foods		
From Cranberry Bog	or Discrete Discharge? Why Water Po s Should Fall Within the Clean Wate & David C. Bender	er Act's	339	
are water-intensive	lly subject to the Clean Water Act, cranbe and frequently have negative impacts essive discharges of phosphorus and	on water		

in Wisconsin against a cranberry grower proved to be largely ineffective, and argue that the NPDES permit system would provide a

residue. The authors demonstrate why a recent public nuisance lawsuit

more efficient means to control pollution from cranberry farms, despite the "irrigation return flow" exemption in the CWA.

The Protection of Environmentally-Displaced Persons in International Law

Aurelie Lopez

The issue of environmental degradation is broad and complex. This Article endeavors to better understand one particular aspect, namely the phenomenon of environmentally-induced migration. While the international definition of a refugee has divided scholars, it is now time to refocus the discussion to set forth constructive solutions.

## AMICUS BRIEF

Brief	for	Natural	Resources	Defense	Council	as 1	Amici	Curiae
Su	ppor	ting Resp	ondent, Uni	ited States	s v. Atlant	ic Re	esearch	n Corp.,
No	. 06-	562 (U.S.	Apr. 5, 2007	)				
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Craig Johnston

For more than 25 years, private parties cleaning up contaminated sites have used CERCLA to spread costs to others who played a role in causing the contamination. In *Atlantic Research*, the Government has argued in favor of limiting the ability of private parties to seek reimbursement. This Amici Brief, filed with the Court April 5, 2007, supports the ability of potentially liable parties to seek recovery of a portion of the clean up costs.

## COMMENTS

Repudiation and Regret: Is the United States Sitting Out the Kyoto	
Protocol to Its Economic Detriment?	
Eric Shaffner	

The moral and scientific reasoning behind the U.S. refusal to become a Party to the Kyoto Protocol has been debated, and the potential environmental consequences of that decision cannot be ignored. But what about the effect on the American economy? This Comment discusses the likely impact of the Bush Administration's opposition to the anti-global warming treaty in light of the government's claim to be acting in the best interests of the American economy.

Common Law on Ice: Using Federal Judge-Made Nuisance Law to Address the Interstate Effects of Greenhouse Gas Emissions ...... Dan Mensher

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Common law, particularly federal common law, remedies to environmental harms are often passed over for complex statutory provisions. Yet, as new environmental threats appear and Congress has neglected to address particular issues, the common law can provide an important avenue to protect environmental values and spur political action. This Comment examines how and when common law can work to redress harms that go beyond explicit statutory remedies. 365

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The Power of the Sea: Using Ocean Energy to Meet Florida's Need	
for Power	489
Lisa A. Kelley	

Harvesting renewable energy from our oceans can be done through the development of wave farms. By promoting these developments, coastal states such as Florida may be able to meet increasing energy demands while simultaneously protecting our environment.